number statistics of the tissue slices.

- 1.4Statistical treatment Statistical analysis was performed using SPSS20.0 software, P<0.05 showed statistically significant.
- 2 Results and Analysis After 4 weeks , Acu,Reh and A+R three groups' escape latency, compared with the Mod group the difference was statistically significant (P<0.05), and the needle Kang group's test results was better than the Acu and Reh.The positive oligodendrocyte number of sham operation group in callosum is more; but they began to decrease after the success of the modeling in the model group .And in the Acu and Reh they were slightly increased, there was a significant difference compared with the model group(P<0.05);The A+R 's Olig2 positive number increased significantly, and the acupuncture group, rehabilitation group were significantly different(P<0.05).
- 3 Discussion The occurrence of chronic hypoperfusion cognitive dysfunction is hidden, and is easily overlooked. So it is to late when people noticed it. Acupuncture and rehabilitation are synchronization, dynamic therapy, integral rehabilitation[4]. Professor tang has extensive clinical experience and research proved that the combination of acupuncture and modern rehabilitation techniques are better than simple acupuncture treatment or rehabilitation training[5]. The experiment proved that acupuncture and rehabilitation therapy in improving chronic hypoperfusion in rats and increasing the number of oligodendrocytes, repair their neurons, so as to improve the cognitive function of rats.

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# DOI 10.22448/AMJ.2017.3.48-48 CLINICAL EFFECT OF MADOPAR COMBINED WITH HEAD ACUPUNCTURE ON PARKINSON'S DISEASE

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Abstract Objective: To observe the therapeutic effect of scalp acupuncture on Parkinson's disease. Methods: 90 patients were randomly divided into Group A, Group B and Group C. The Group A was treated by oral western medicine administration combined with head acupuncture and acupuncture for treatment. The Group B was treated by common acupuncture combined with scalp acupuncture point (dance tremor control area). The Group C was treated with oral madopar administration combined with common acupuncture. Weobserved the curative effect after 4 courses of the treatment. Results: After treatment, the UPDRS scores of PD patients in Group A reduced to 14.23±11.35 , The UPDRS scores of PD patients in Group B decreased to 23.30±14.73. The UPDRS scores of PD patients in group C reduced to 19.07±11.71; The UPDRS scores were significant different before and after the treatment in Group A and Group B (P< 0.05). The UPDRS scores were significant different between Group A and group C (P< 0.05); In Group A, there are 4 recovered cases, 19 effective cases, 11 improved cases and 6 invalid cases. In Group B, 1 recovered case, 12 effective cases, 11 improved cases, and 6 invalid cases. Using X2 test:X2=8.4227, P=0.038<0.05, There was a significant difference between the two groups. In Group C 1 recovered case, 11 effective cases, 15 improved cases, and 3 invalid cases. Using X2 test:X2=8.7905, P=0.032<0.05, There was a significant difference between the two groups. Conclusion: The therapeutic effect of madopar combined with head acupuncture on Parkinson's disease is more significant.

Keywords: head acupuncture, acupuncture, medicine, Parkinson's disease, clinical observation

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## THE PHARMACODYNAMICS RESEARCH OF QIXUANYIJIANING ON TREATMENT OF HYPERTHYROIDISM AND ITS REG-ULATORY EFFECT TO THE RELATED FACTORS OF TH17

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Abstracts Objectives: To study and develop the curative effect and mechanism of Qixuanyijianing on hyperthyroidism, the effect was researched and the regulatory impact of Qixuanyijianing to Th17 cells were ex-